

KENTUCKY GAZETTE

AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

[VOL. XVIII.—N° 942.]

BY DANIEL BRADFORD, LEXINGTON.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1804.

TERMS OF THE GAZETTE.

This paper is published weekly, at TWO DOLLARS per annum, paid in advance.

Those who write to the Editor, must pay the postage of their letters.

THE MILLINERY STORE.

23 Mrs. White,

(From London)

BEGS leave to return her sincere thanks to a generous Public, for the encouragement she has experienced since her commencement, and informs them, she has removed from Mr. Bogg's, to the house opposite to Mr. Bradford's Printing Office, where she continues to have an extensive and elegant assortment of the most fashionable Millinery Goods, viz: Silk and Straw Scoops, Old Ladies' Bonnets, Feathered Velter Hats, Velvet Spencers, Satin and mode Cloaks, Lace and Gauze Veils, Turbans, Grape and Muffin Caps, Oilrich Feathers, & Artificial Flowers, & stuffs for Gowns, Suppers, black and Red Morocco Leather Bonnets for Children.

N. B. Good and Bonnets made, and Umbrellas covered at the shortest notice.

Banks & Owings,

Have imported from Philadelphia, and are opening for sale, on the lowest terms, in the house lately occupied by Messrs. John Jordan jun. & co. next door to Mr. Seitz's,

British and Spanish superfine and common broad cloths, Constitution and fancy cords, Corduroys, Velvets, Jaconet, rambored & book muslins, Humbugs, Bafas, India shawls, silk and cotton, India silk and cotton handkerchiefs, Chintzes and calicoes of the newest patterns, Irish linens, whole and half bleached, Durants, Calimancoes, Wildbores, &c. &c. Men's and women's cotton hose & socks, Nankeens, Turkey yarn, Tickings &c. A complete assortment of

They keep a constant supply of baron, steel, castings and sheet iron of the best qualities, assorted, and Dry Mann's lick salt.

Millers can be supplied with bouting cloths of the different numbers. Lexington, April 7th, 1804.

Thomas Love,

AFTER an absence of nearly twelve months from his old stand in Frankfort, near the Ferry and Ware-house, now informs his friends and the public that he has resumed his old place of

ENTERTAINMENT,

Where those that may please to call on him, may rely on meeting with every attention, both as to themselves and horses, that this country will afford. Private parties may have rooms undisturbed with the bustle of a Tavern; and gentlemen disposed to have private boarding, can be accommodated to their wishes.

Frankfort, Feb. 22, 1804.

STATE OF KENTUCKY.

Montgomery circuit, July term 1804.

Christian Keener, complainant,

Against

John Hawkins, Ezekiel Hayden, John Dupuy, Henry Payne, Henry Young, John Fowler, James Gray and Basil Holmes, defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendants, Basil Holmes, Henry Young, James Gray & John Dupuy, not having entered their appearance herein agreeable to law and the rules of this Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that they are no inhabitants of this Commonwealth; on the motion of the complainant by his council, it is ordered that the said defendants do appear here on the third day of next October term and answer the complainant's bill, that a copy of this order be inserted in one of the public papers of this state for eight weeks successively.

A Copy. 2 effe.

M. Harrison, C. M. C.

DRS. BROWN & WARFIELD.

BEG leave to inform the public that the

MEDICINE & SURGERY.

In partnership, in the town of Lexington and the vicinity.

Dr. Brown requests those who are indebted to him to pay their accounts to Major Desmond or give notes for the amount.

FOR sale, the place whereon I now live, containing 450 acres well improved, and generally given up to be as handsome a place as any in Fayette county—the dwelling house is of brick, two stories high, 46 feet long by 22 wide, finished off in a neat plain manner, and other necessary out houses; there is likewise a very fine grist mill with two pair of stones, one of which are burr—the said mill, dam, and all built anew about twelve months ago—the dam and all under works are locust timber, which will stand at least fifty years without being impaired—there is about 130 acres of cleared land, springs and stock water that was never known to fail. I will sell the whole together, or the mill with 50 or 100 acres with it, and give a considerable credit for half, the other half being paid down. For further particulars by applying to the subscriber, any person may be informed and shewn.

Fayette county, Davy's Fork of Elkhorn, April 16th, 1804.

TWO STILLS FOR SALE.

ONE holds 127 gallons, the other 60 gallons. I will sell them low for all Cash. For sale, also,

The Noted Thorough Bred Horse, LAMPLIGHTER, which is equal in blood and beauty to any horse in the state, and his colts the same if not superior. I will take one thousand dollars for him—he is eight years old. J. K.

John Rogers.

Elkhorn, April 16th, 1804.

VALUABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

700 acres Military Land, lying on Brush creek, N. W. T. where the road crosses from Limestone to Chillicothe; this tract contains about three hundred acres of rich bottom, the remainder is well timbered; has on it a good mill seat, and is an excellent stand for a public house.

500 acres ditto ditto, lying on Clover Lick creek, a branch of the East fork of the Little Miami, N. W. T. in a good neighborhood, about three miles from Denhamstown, seven from Williamsburg, and eleven to twelve from the Ohio river.

1000 acres ditto ditto, lying on Brush creek, a few miles from New Market, N. W. T.

5000 acres, lying on Bank Lick creek, Kentucky, part of two tracts, containing 6000 acres, surveyed and patented for William Jones.

4000 acres, Clarke county, Kentucky, part of a tract of eight thousand acres, surveyed and patented for Richard Chinnorth.

3332 2-3 acres, Mason county, Kentucky, part of 5000 acres, surveyed and patented for George Underwood.

1200 acres, Mason county, Kentucky, surveyed and patented for Moody and M. Millin.

1000 acres Military land, on the waters of Russell's creek, Green river.

325 acres, Jefferson county, Kentucky, about four miles from Louisville, 40 acres of this tract is cleared.

116 1-2 acres, Franklin county, Kentucky, on the North fork of Elkhorn, about six miles from Frankfort; on this tract are considerable improvements.

A House and well improved Lot in the town of Paris, on Main street, and adjoining Mr. Hughes's tavern.

An Inn and Out Lot in said town.

Also a House and well improved Lot in this place.

The above described property will be sold low for Cash, HEMP and Tobacco, or on giving bond with good security, a considerable credit may be had.

For further particulars enquire of Andrew F. Price, attorney in fact for (or to the subscriber.)

JOHN JORDAN Jun. Lexington Kentucky, January 13, 1803.

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale 6561 acres of land, lying upon the waters of Eagle creek, in the county of Pendleton; which he will sell upon moderate terms for Cash or property, as he is desirous of disposing of his possessions in this state.

This land possesses several very advantageous stands for taverns, as it extends for two or three miles on each side of the road leading from Lexington to Cincinnati, and about 64 miles from the former. Terms may be known by applying to the subscriber at the Travellers Hall, in Lexington, or in his absence to R. Bradley, until the 15th of October, at which time he means leaving this state for Virginia.

George Markham.

September 17, 1804.

FOR SALE.

AND possession given immediately 215 acres of land, lying on the waters of Cane Run, and immediately on the road leading from Lexington to Georgetown—There is tolerable good improvements, with about 60 acres of the above land cleared, and well enclosed with a good fence, the title indisputable; the terms of sale will be made known by application to the subscriber, living on the premises.

I will also sell all my stock, at reduced prices for cash or short credit—Among my horses I have two thorough bred Mares, brought from Virginia last spring, one was got by the noted horse Quicksilver out of a Pilgrim mare, three years old this spring, now in foal by Albert, the other was got by Fitzchew's noted running horse Old Frederick, out of a full blooded mare, and now in foal by Medley.

Tbos. I. Garrett Fayette, July 9th, 1804.

TO BE SOLD,

BY a power of attorney from the executor of Patrick Henry deceased, a

TRACT OF LAND,

On Mill creek, near Drennon's Lick, about 18 miles from the mouth of Kentucky, and 40 miles from the Falls of Ohio, containing 1500 acres, by survey made in 1784, and is a moiety of 3000 acres, patented to Mr. May and Mr. Henry, and accordingly divided.

Also 500 acres on the Rolling fork of Salt river, by survey in 1784, patented to Mr. Henry.

I understand these lands are valuable, but a purchaser would chuse to judge for himself. The terms may be known by applying to the subscriber, living in Fayette county.

W. WARFIELD.

April 17, 1804.

ALEX. PARKER & Co.

HAVE just received from Philadelphia, in addition to their former assortment,

Book muslin, plain and figured cambric do.

Chintzes and calicoes, assorted, Blue hair plush, & brown Hollands Constitution and fancy cords, Extra long silk gloves, assorted, Morocco slippers, assorted, Loaf sugar, coffee and fresh teas, Copper in sheets & still patterns.

Which they will sell on the most moderate terms, for Cash.

Lexington, July 14, 1804.

BLUE, RED, GREEN, YELLOW & BROWN DYEING.

I WILL color cotton and linen with a hot dye, which I will warrant to stand, or return the money, and on as reasonable terms as any dyer in Lexington. I will dye wool a deep blue at 1s. 6d. per pound.

HUGH CRAWFORD,

At the sign of the Golden Boot & Shoe, in the old court-house, corner of Main & Cross-streets, Lexington.

September 13th, 1803.

N. B. If you want to have your cotton coloured free from spots, try your cuts loose.

H. C.

NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to the late firms of Seitz & Lauman, John A. Seitz, Seitz & Johnston, John A. Seitz & Co. John Jordan Jun. John Jordan Jun. & Co. and John & William Jordan, are requested to come forward immediately, and pay off their respective accounts to ANDREW F. PRICE, who is hereby duly authorized to receive the same. Those who do not avail themselves of this notice, may rest assured that suits will be instituted against them without discrimination.

John Jordan Jun. Lexington, Sept. 4, 1804.

49 Rags.

Three cents per pound, or 18s. per hundred weight, given for clean linen or cotton Rags, at Chaerli's printing office, Lexington.

Bourbon County, Sd.

TAKEN up by William Campbell, near Hatcher's mill A BROWN HORSE, four years old, fourteen hands high, small star in his forehead, branded on the near buttock but not legible, has on a 25 bell; appraised to 40 dollars.

A Copy. Telle.

Will. Garrard, jr. C.B.C.

May 10, 1804.

I AM authorized, by power of attorney, from Simon Gratz, of the city of Philadelphia, to sell one moiety of a

Tract of Land,

Containing two thousand acres, situate on the head waters of Foxrun, a branch of Brashears's creek; which land was conveyed by William Murray, of Philadelphia, to Joseph Simons, of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, and by him to the afore-said Simon Gratz. Any person inclining to purchase said lands, may know the terms (which will be moderate) by applying to me in Lexington.

WILL. MORTON.

Attorney in fact for S. Gratz.

June 4, 1804.

I WISH TO SELL MY

Tanyard

IN this place—the price will be moderate, and the payments made easy to the purchaser, on being satisfactorily secured, and the interest punctually paid.

WILL. MORTON

Lexington, 4th June, 1804.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS.

ALL those indebted to the subscriber, are requested to make payment by the first of November, to JONATHAN HOLMES, or give their notes. Those who do not comply, may expect compulsory measures to be taken.

GEORGE TEGARDEN.

August 7, 1804.

NOTICE.

THAT by virtue of an order of the County Court of Nicholas, we, or any two of us, shall proceed to let to the lowest bidder, on the fourth Monday in next month, at the court house of said county, the building of a Jailor's House adjoining the jail, agreeable to a plan filed in the clerk's office of the said court. Bond and security will be required of the undertaker.

Lewis H. Arnold, Joseph Morgan, William Thomson, David Gray, Nicholas county, 15th Sept. 1804.

WHEREAS I have let William

Todd have a lease for thirty acres, on a tract of 500 acres of Land, lying on Pitman's creek, in Green county, adjoining Pitman's Old Station survey. Our contract was this—I agreed to let said Todd clear thirty acres on said tract, and have it for 15 years, provided he plants 100 apple trees, and makes a good and lawful fence. Said Todd is not to work more than two hands besides himself, for which I have his bond. Whereas from some of his conduct the second night after our bargain, my neighbours with myself, think said Todd means to make a prey of my land, therefore I hereby forewarn all persons from trading for, or renting said land of said Todd, as they may depend on suffering for it by law—for I will not have my land cut to pieces, further than the 30 acres that I allowed said Todd. I forewarn any person from settling on said land, except Todd himself.

FRANCIS BUSH.

Clark county, Sept. 11, 1804.

ADVERTISEMENT.

TO be sold to the highest bidder on Friday the 19th day of October next, at the late dwelling house of Jacob Ryman dec. on South Elkhorn Fayette county, the personal estate of said dec. consisting of horses, cows, sheep, and swine, household furniture, and a valuable set of carpenter's and joiner's tools. On the same day and place, will be rented a term of years, the Mills and plantation, consisting of an excellent Saw-Mill and Grist-Mill, with two pair of stones, one of which are burrs, and cloths for merchant work, the other stones on a separate wheel for country work; Also a new Felling-Mill in complete order for business, on the opposite side of the creek adjoining a small field and house for the accommodation of a fuller. Six months credit will be given the purchasers, on giving bond with approved security for all sums above four dollars, all sums under that amount to be paid down, & the terms of rent to be made known on the day of sale by the

ADMINISTRATORS.

A Sorrel MAKE taken up by George Tatter, sen. living about 1 mile below the mouth of Paint Lick, on Kentucky river, Garrard county, supposed to be about 10 years old, about 14 hands and a half high, no brand, but a scar on each hip, with a bell on, about a 4s. price, put on with a small rope—also a small star in her forehead, and appraised to 50 dollars.

Zach. Ray, J.P.

May 10, 1804.

DIRECT TAX.

WHEREAS by an act of Congress passed on the 3d of March last, entitled, "An act further to amend an act, entitled, "An act to lay and collect a direct tax, within the United States," the collectors of said tax are directed to transmit to the Supervisor, correct transcripts of lists of all lands or lots which they have sold for the non-payment of said tax—And it is further provided, that any person making payment to the Supervisor; of the tax, costs and interest upon any tract of land or lot so sold, should be permitted to redeem the same, provided such payment or tender of payment be made within the period prescribed by law—which in this state will expire generally in January and February next.—In pursuance of the provisions of the above recited act, public notice is hereby given, that I am in possession of all the collectors' lists of lands and lots, which have been sold for non-payment of the said tax, within this state, (save two which are expected daily) and that any person wishing to redeem lands or lots which have been sold, may do so by applying to the subscriber in Lexington.

JAMES MORRISON, Supervisor.

Lexington, July 16th, 1804.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

HAVE just received, in addition to their former assortment,

Blue ground calico and chintzes, Cambric, jaconet, and tambored muslins,

Furniture dummies, Black gauze for veils, Extra long silk gloves, assorted and coloured,

Silk and cotton hosiery, Fancy and constitution cords, India Nankeens,

Complete cases plotting instruments, Suspenders, Irish linens,

Kid, morocco and stuff shoes, English & German scythes, Spanish segars by the box,

Anvils, vices, White and red lead,

Spanish brown, yellow oker, Vermillion and Prussian blue, Indigo and fig blade,

Coffee, loaf sugar, teas, Wines, &c. &c. &c.

Which will be sold unusually low for Cash in hand.

MACCOUN & TILFORD.

Lexington, July 16, 1804.

TO BE SOLD TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

ON the ninth day of October next, the MILLS of John Jamieson dec. on North Elkhorn, with forty three acres of land annexed thereto, with a good log house sixteen by eighteen feet, with a stone chimney, kitchen and fire place underneath; about fifteen acres of the above land is cleared and under fence.

The mill-house is built of stone, two story high, thirty eight feet by forty eight, with two pair of stones, one geared, the other tub. Immediate possession of the mill will be given the purchaser. The dwelling house and cleared land will be reserved till the first day of November next.

The terms of the sale will be as follow (to wit) one fourth part of the purchase to be paid down, the balance to be paid in five equal annual payments, to commence on the fifteenth day of September one thousand eight hundred and five. Interest on the four remaining payments will be required till the whole is paid up. Due attendance will be given by us the commissioners.

Wm. Moore, Robt. S. Russell, Frans. Kirtley, Jas. Fisher.

August 27th, 1804.

TAKEN up by Daniel Wools, on the road leading from Mount Sterling to the State Furnace, one

BAT MARE.

about four years old, about thirteen and an half hands high, no brand perceivable, her left hind foot white; appraised to £12.

John Roberts.

August 6th, 1804.

Wool wanted.

I will purchase a considerable quantity of Lamb's wool, and the second sheering. Apply at my hat manufactory, on main cross street, Lexington.

John Lowrey.

September 5th, 1804.

A BRIEF ANSWER

To the REMARKS made by "ARISTARCHUS" on "THE NEW AMERICAN ENGLISH GRAMMAR," published in the Kentucky Gazette, August 28, 1864.

THE 1st Remark made by Aristarchus, appears to have been occasioned by an error of the press. (a) Goal instead of goal. According to Mr. Walker and Sheridan, *g* is soft before *a* in this word; it was, therefore, proper to make it an exception to the general rule mentioned, page 6 of the New American English Grammar.

The 2d Remark is on the definition of a syllable. The definition given of a syllable in the American English Grammar, is a complete sound uttered in one distinct breath, or by a single impulse of the voice; as, O, come, &c. A has chosen as the object of his criticism, the first part only. "A syllable is a complete sound, uttered in one distinct breath;" which may be found in Mr. Buchanan's Regular Syntax, page 57, the 5th American edition, printed in Philadelphia, by Charles Gilt. (b)

UNTO is a typographical error, marked in the errata of the American Grammar.

The 3d Rem. is on note, page 10, Am. Gram. "The note of interrogation and admiration are indeterminate." &c. Mr. A. asks "how came the learned grammarian so far to forget his concord, as to use the singular noun note as the nominative to the plural verb are?"

I will supply the Ellipsis in this sentence, then A. may correct it. "The note of interrogation and the note of admiration are indeterminate as to the length of the pause." (c) See Dr. A.H.'s Gram. on Ellipsis, page 46 & 47.

The 4th Rem. is on a passage taken chiefly from Buchanan's Reg. Syntax, pages 162, 163, 164. "A double period marked thus, (---) is so called, because it denotes a pause of two periods; and indicates that the sentence or words after which it is marked, are worthy of consideration." He then describes a BREAK OF PARAGRAPH, AND A DOUBLE BREAK, as they are described in the American Grammar.

Again in p. 183, "Ellipsis, thus, (---) is used when part of a word is left out; as, K—g, &c. Again, p. 164, "After-look, thus, —, refers to the margin or the bottom of the page; several of them put together signify that there is something wanting, defective, or incomplete, in the passage of the author." Again, in Mr. Harrison's English Grammar, p. 75, "Several asterisks (***) or a dash (---) signify the omission of some part of a word or sentence. A DASH is also used to denote a distinction of PAUSE, NOT SUFFICIENTLY MARKED BY THE COMMON STOPS. Hence we find, that the black line --- which Mr. A. endeavors to make look so very ridiculous, is in two of the most celebrated Grammars now extant, used in those different ways mentioned in the American Grammar. Mr. Buchanan and Dr. A.H. have given us the same calculations with respect to the length of the pauses which are exhibited in the American Grammar. (d)

The 5th Rem. is on a passage taken from Buchanan's Regular Syntax, page 24. "The articles are never put before the pronouns, nor proper names of men, women, kingdoms, cities, nor the PARTICULAR NAMES of virtues, vices, metals, corns, herbs, except when we say by way of distinction, he is a Howard, he is a Hamilton; i. e. one whose name is Howard, or Hamilton." (e)

Mr. A.'s, the *he*, the *one*, are personal pronouns with which I am unacquainted.

The 6th Rem. on the substantive *nothing* might apply to A.'s own definition of a substantive, as well as to that given in the American Grammar; for can Mr. A. conceive the substantive *nothing* to fulfill, or can he form an idea or notion of it? Mr. A. might as well have said *nothing* about this. (f)

The 7th Rem. is on a passage which may be found in Buchanan's Regular Syntax, p. 17, the following words ending in *s* and *es*, make their plural by adding *s* only, viz. hoof, roof, grief, dwarf, mischief, handkerchief, relief, muff, cuff, snuff, itself. Mr. A. endeavors to show that *grief*, *relief*, &c. are not used in the plural by adding *s*. Surely we have borne our griefs and covered our sorrows. — *Lamentations*, 53:4. "I loved the Lord: he bore my ear." — *Psalm*, 116:1. "And chased my grief away." — *Watts*, *Psalm*, 116:1. part.

"Sinners your sins we deplore," "If these *RELIEFS* they cannot grant," *Blackmore*.

In Harrison's Grammar, improved by a teacher of Philadelphia, p. 12, there is the following paragraph: "Many words ending in *f* or *fe* make their plurals in *ves*; as, calf, calves; knife, knives; but others follow the general rule; as, grief, griefs; so also, elf, dwarfs, hoof, roof, mischief, handkerchief, relief, muff, &c. (g)

The 8th Rem. is on a passage taken from Buchanan's Syntax, page 17. "Have all words a plural and singular number? No, whatever nature or art has made nouns, wants the singular number; as, *ashes*, *bowels*, *bellows*, *breeches*, *entrails*, *tongs*, *lunas*, &c. Here we find the learned Buchanan uses *double* & *ashes* in the same sense in which they are used in the American Grammar. It ought to be remembered, that this Grammar has passed the scrutiny of Great Britain, and has gone through five editions in the Eastern States of America and in Philadelphia; where true science is by no means a stranger. (h)

Harrison's Grammar, p. 11. "Some nouns want the singular; as, *ashes*, *lungs*, *news*, &c."

The 9th Rem. is on a passage taken from Buchanan's Syntax, p. 10, deer, hoxe, sheep, &c., are used alike in both numbers. Hoxe signifying breeches or stockings. By an error of the press was converted into hoxe, which gave A. some necessary trouble. (i)

The 10th Rem. is on a catalogue of words, which he indignantly intimates were chosen merely to exemplify the genders; whereas the genders are exemplified above, and these catalogues or tables of words placed in notes, in order that the pupil may be taught their proper use. These words, which A. calls obscenities, you may see in Dr. A.H.'s Grammatical Institutes, Philadelphia edition, M. Carey, 1860, p. 10 and 11. See also Harrison's Rudiments, p. 14. Likewise, see Buchanan's Syntax, p. 20, 21, 22, and Jones's Profound Grammar, p. 30.

Are not these and similar words used in the sacred writings? or if these be not sufficient authority with Mr. A. are not such words used by some of the most refined writers of our language? Do we not find them in Addison's, Swift's, Dr. H. Blair's, &c. But if these authors are not sufficiently refined, can we not find words of a similar import in *Payne*, *Payne*, &c. And are not such words found in the best Geographies and Dictionaries published in Europe and America? If so, why must the American Grammar be ridiculed, because it is calculated to teach the scholar to use these words with propriety. The learned know that there is the same reason for exhibiting tables of these nouns which form the feminine irregularly, that there is for exhibiting a table of irregular verbs. (j)

The 11th Rem. is on a passage respecting the comparison of adjectives. Something of a similar nature (k) may be found in Buchanan's Syntax, p. 26. "There are three degrees of comparison: the positive, the comparative, and the superlative. The positive is the adjective itself, simply without any degree of comparison; as, white, hard, &c. and strictly speaking is no degree of comparison, because it does not compare things together. The comparative begins the comparison." &c. Dr. A.H. says (page 12 of his Grammatical Institutes) "Most adjectives have, at least, two degrees of comparison, which are commonly called *comparative* and *superlative*."

The 12th Rem. is an error of the press. (l) *Durst*, instead of *durst*.

The 13th Rem. is on *was*, which Buchanan (see Regular Syntax, p. 59) makes the preterit tense of the verb *win*. "Win, present tense; *was* or *won*, preterit participle *won*. See, also, Eorick's Dictionary, under the word *win*, New-York edition. Here A. discovers his usual diligeny; he charges Mr. L. with having discovered that *was* is not an adjective. I ask, where has Mr. L. said any thing which implies that he does not think *was* an adjective? The learned know, that to say there is a preterit tense of a verb is spelled like an adjective, does not imply that there is no such adjective. "He learned to write, A learned man." (m)

The 14th Rem. is on the verb *to spit*. If A. will take the trouble to look into Walker's Dictionary, he will find *to spit*, v. a. preterit *spat*; participle passive, *spit* or *spitted*; signifying to put on a spit; to thrust through; and also the verb neuter *to spit*; which signifies to throw out spittle. The latter is the one which, (as it is now commonly used) is the same in the present tense preterit and participle. In Buchanan's Syntax, page 60, you may find both these verbs, and the apparent contradiction, which was charged upon Mr. L. as a real one. (n)

The 15th Rem. is made on an error of the press, which is corrected in the errata published with the American Grammar, viz. *follow* instead of *follows*. See Errata.

The 16th Rem. is on a rule which may be found in Harrison's English Grammar, page 50. Adjectives that signify dimensions, generally follow the nouns of measure; as, the wall is ten foot high. Mr. Harrison gives feet as the plural of foot, in page 12. Is he, therefore, guilty of a strange inconsistency? But this which A. calls a strange inconsistency is to be found in Dr. Lowth's Grammar. In Dr. Lowth's *Short Introduction to English Grammar*, page 21 of the Wilmington edition, he gives feet as the plural of foot, and then in page 96, he says "Nouns of measure, number, and weight, are sometimes joined in the singular form with noninal adjectives, denoting plurality; as, fifty foot; six score; ten thousand fathom deep." — *Milton*, P. L. 11, 234.

Hence we see that even the celebrated Dr. Lowth has not escaped the censure of this mighty critic.

A little learning is a dangerous thing, "Drink deep," &c. (o)

JOHN LYLE

Mr. Bradford is requested to publish the above in the Kentucky Gazette.

NOTES BY ARISTARCHUS.

(a) "Appears" to be an error of the press; but might not the Rev. Author have reflected that *appearances* are often fallacious?

(b) The same definition of a syllable, he says "may be found in Buchanan's Regular Syntax." — It is very possible it may be the case; but is that any reason why it should appear in Mr. L.'s Regular Syntax? Will the circumstance of its being "found" in another book justify the adoption of an absurdity? Buchanan's dogmatical assertions are not all Gospel. — In the passage which he has cited from Ps. xcv. 1. "O come let us sing unto the Lord" &c. he says, "unto is a typographical error" and as such, "marked in the errata of the Am. Gram." Does this show any great respect for the Holy Bible? "Happy is he that condemneth not himself in that thing which he alloweth," Rom. xiv. 22.

(c) This is *New Grammar* indeed! Upon Mr. L.'s principles of construction, every singular nominative in the language may admit of a plural verb; and both numbers may be made to harmonize in grammatical concord. It is only "supplying the Ellipsis" and all is well.

Accordingly he maintains that the phrase "The note are," is good concord. Why? because the same noun with a conjunction may be implied and substituted in writing, thus: "The note *are* are note are." "Grammar are an art." Only let the noun be repeated in resolving the sentence and every thing is right. "Grammar (and Grammar) are." Again, "Homer are sublime;" "Mr. L. are a great critic in genders;" the pupil in analyzing has nothing to do, but "to supply the Ellipsis" Homer (and Homer) are &c. Mr. L. (and Mr. L.) are &c. Admirable Grammarian!

(4) The Reverend Respondent here endeavors to justify himself by throwing the blame upon Buchanan and Harrison, Aristarchus cares not where he picked up such trash.

(5) This also he lays at Buchanan's door.

(f) Mr. A.'s definition of a substantive, as he calls it, is evidently more logical than Mr. L.'s, for there is a considerable difference between "diffinitely perceiving" a thing, and having "only a notion" or opinion of it.

(g) Mr. L. has endeavored to prove that *grief* and *relief* have a regular plural; but he says not a word of *STOCKS*. But he might have spared himself the trouble; for A. did not say that the plural of such words could nowhere be found; for there is scarce a solecism that could be mentioned; but might be found in print. "The words of A. are false, 'An example or two will show with what propriety these words are used in the plural by adding s.' The first example, which the rev. critic brings forward, is from the Bible; for it seems he admits the authority of the sacred volume, only when it suits his purpose; for in his Grammar, he exhibits no less than five different texts, as ungrammatical, viz. (p. 74 Rule 28) "Neither in this world" &c. Mat. xii. 32. "Can a fig-tree bear olive berries" &c. James iii. 12. "And the third part" &c. Rev. viii. 12. (p. 75, Rule 28.) "If thou bring thy gift" &c. Mat. v. 23. (p. 76, Rule 55.) "And when they wrote, &c. ii Kings, xix. 35. If these five passages which he condemns as ungrammatical, be really so, why may not that solitary one which he has adduced to prove that the word *grief* has a plural, be improper also? His next example is taken from Watts' *Psalms*, most probably upon Scripture authority. — He has only one example to produce for the plural of *relief*, which, however, he gives upon the authority of *Blackmore*. For the poetical character of *Blackmore* the reader may consult *Pope's Dunciad*, and *Martinus Scribblers*.

All our author has to say in his own defence is, that he copied it from Buchanan, and Buchanan from some other writer, & that writer from the Lord knows whom. It is no matter where he got it, every body of common sense must know that the rule is absurd. "Buchanan's Grammar," he says, "has passed the scrutiny of Great-Britain." Quer. What can he mean by the "scrutiny of G. Britain?" I will venture to assert, that nine-tenths of the inhabitants of "G. Britain" never heard of either Buchanan or his Grammar.

The word "Horse," he intimates, was inadvertently substituted by the printer, for "breeches and stockings." — *Risum tenetur*! This reflects no great credit upon the typographical abilities of Mr. C.

The indelicate terms mentioned in A.'s xth remark were exhibited, he says, "in order that the (fair) pupil may be taught their proper use." Who doubts it? Has A. denied it? But "are not these and similar words," he asks, "used in the Sacred writings?" It is acknowledged, indeed, that there are too many such in the bible, which is one reason why it is generally disused in our modern schools. — But I challenge Mr. L. to point out in what chapter and verse the words "Bitch, Strumpet and Fornicatress" (which he has used in his Grammar) can be found. Also, in what page or pages of Dr. H. Blair's, Payne's and Volney's works, the same terms are to be met with. But even admitting such words could be found in their writings it would be nothing to the purpose, unless it could be proved that they wrote for the use of children.

"Something of a similar nature," but not exactly the same, nor so inconsistent.

If so, why was it not inserted in the errata page, and as such acknowledged by the printer.

"Won" as the preterite of *win*, he tells us, he has given upon the authority of Buchanan, and also of Entick's Dictionary. Dr. JOHNSON, whose authority is superior to that of either Entick or Buchanan, has inserted it as the old obsolete preterite of *win*, as well as many other antiquated words, which he has explained for the assistance of those who might be inclined to read the "elder poets" as Chaucer, Spenser, Shakespeare &c. but not for the use of speakers & writers in the 19th century. Accordingly, in the Grammar prefixed to his dictionary, we find *won*, but not *was* in the preterite.

In attempting to reconcile his contradictions with regard to the verb *spit*, he has only involved himself in greater. Walker's verb *to spit*, which makes *spited* or *spit* in the passive participle, cannot possibly

be the same which is given us in the table of irregular verbs in the Am. Gram. for the latter makes *spitten*. But supposing it had been the same, with due deference to Mr. Walker, who would use such an expression, as "he spat the meat" for "he put it on the spit." But further, as the rev. critic has brought forward a scripture text in a preceding paragraph, I hope I may be allowed to do the same, John i. 6. "He spat on the ground." Mr. L. himself, either in his theological or grammatical capacity, will hardly affirm, that the words in the text, are to be understood of "putting meat to roast on a spit."

The author has taken great pains to procure authorities in support of his favorite phrase "ten foot high." But why should he labour so hard only to contradict himself? For, granting that he had established the propriety of the phrase, (which however, he has not done) he must have flatly contradicted another of his rules. Does he not say, p. 62, Rule 8, "That all adjectives must (without exception) agree with their substantives in number?" But he seems to plume himself very much upon the authority of Dr. Lowth which he vainly imagines insuperable; he ought, however, to have been sure that he had the bishop upon his side, before he drew his conclusion; which unfortunately for him, was not the case. The venerable prelate does not say that such phrases are correct; he only intimates that such expressions are *sometimes* used; but says nothing in their favour.

At the conclusion of his "brief answer" he briefly intimates that he has "drunk deep." Quer. Of what? not of the "Pierian spring," but out of Harrison's Rudiments, and Buchanan's Regular Syntax, the worst parts of which he has nearly exhausted.

For the Kentucky Gazette.

Mr. BRADFORD,

You will give the following a place in your paper, and oblige A SUBSCRIBER.

MR. HENRY DAVIDGE,

Having declared yourself a candidate for the most important trust that can be conferred by a free and enlightened people, and having invited the strict scrutiny into your "public character and political sentiments," it behoves some person, whose situation, as it respects you, enables him to be somewhat acquainted with these, to accept this pompous challenge, and expose to the good sense of the district, some duplicity, and a squinting towards intrigue, which have come within the sphere of his observation, and which he presumes you will blush in denying.

In your trophy piece of rhapsody, addressed to the Southern electoral district, as I understand, to introduce yourself to their acquaintance, for it appears that six years' practice of the law, and one lesson's service in the legislature, have not been sufficient to draw you from that inglorious state of obscurity, which, as I understand, in your wisdom, evidently degraded you to fill. You state, that you have received the "warm and friendly solicitations of respectable citizens, to declare your willingness to serve your country as an elector" &c. &c. In answer to this, I shall require you to define the word "respectable," and to inform me of the names of the persons alluded to; for you must know, I question the veracity of this assertion, and flatter myself I am too well acquainted with the opinion the "respectable" part of this district entertain of your firmness and talents, ever to have thus exposed themselves.

I believe they will accept of your vaunting proposal, and judge of your qualifications solely from your "actions" and admit them as the only criterion by which to determine your republican faith and firmness, therefore you must expect to stand or fall by the testimony they bear either of your faithfulness or duplicity. I can but pay the tribute of my admiration to your ingenuity in avoiding "the rehearsal of your political creed." Perhaps, (if you are not an upstart) you might find occasion to remark your having signed an address, blotted with sycophantic compliments to John Adams, on the wisdom, &c. of his administration. Hence the "rehearsal" would be a little painful, as well as "troublesome," and hence your reason for avoiding it. Those, my fellow-citizens, are the grounds on which I rest the charge of duplicity against Mr. Davidge. That he is desitute of independence, consistency and firmness, is fully manifested by his conduct relative to the late Congressional election for the first district. He, I presume, will not deny having an intimate acquaintance with the pretensions of both the candidates, having expressed his high opinion of the talents of General Hopkins & his determination to support him. Mr. Davidge will not deny having ridiculed Col. Lyon's talents; and avowed his contempt for his "governing and filthy electioneering wiles; to the friends of Col. Lyon, his conduct was diametrically opposite, and he traduced

the character, and disparaged the talents of General Hopkins at the expense of truth and honor. My fellow-citizens, hold his confidence, and witness his independence, in voting for neither, (that could not be for the want of an opportunity, as he voted for those who offered to fill offices in the State government) — Do you not in this, discover the weight his professions are entitled to, when he informs you, Thomas Jefferson shall be his choice, if honored with your confidence?

If Mr. Davidge feels himself injured by any thing I have advanced, he will recollect there is time sufficient to bring forward his reply, and for me to adduce my proof prior to the election.

A Voter in the Southern Electoral District.

[The author will perceive that a part of his address to Mr. Davidge is omitted. We thought it entirely irrelevant.]

20 DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN from Wm. Faris's, on Little Rockcalle, in the county of Knox, on the night of the 22d of this month, a large, likely, blood, bay GELDING, near five feet two inches high, six years old last spring, lately shod all round, no perceivable brand, has a small scar on the top of his left ear, about an inch from the head, a small oblong scar on his forehead, a small tupe on his nose, a few white hairs at the top of the hoof of his right fore foot, and more in the hollow between the fetlock and hoof of the same foot, on which there is a defect or flaw, occasioned by gravel. Whoever will deliver the said gelding to Col. David Meade, in Jefferson county, to Mr. Wm. Banton, near Stanford, in the county of Lincoln, or to the said William Faris, shall receive the above reward, besides all reasonable expenses for travelling, if the distance be more than fifty miles.

Wm. FLEMING.

September 23d, 1864. *3t

A CAUTION.

THE public are hereby forewarned against taking an assignment on a Note for eighteen dollars, I passed last spring months to one Philip Brim of Fayette county, which he fraudulently got from me—therefore I will not pay it unless compelled by law.

John Conrad Kalb.
Lexington, October 1, 1864. 43t

THE PITTSBURGH Glass Works,

HAVING been in successful operation for some time past; the proprietors are induced to inform their former customers and others, that they have now on hand a large assortment of WINDOW GLASS and HOLLOW WARE of a superior quality to any hitherto manufactured in this country; and that they have determined to reduce the prices this season—as follows:

WINDOW GLASS,
7 by 9 at 11 dollars a box,
by 10 12 do
10 by 12 13 do
and larger sizes in proportion.
HOLLOW WARE,
Gallon bottles 400 cents a dozen
Half Gal. do 240 do
Quart do 160 do
Pint do 120 do
Porter & Claret do 133 1-3 do
April 27th, 1864. 3m

ON Wednesday the 10th instant, will be exposed to public sale, at the late dwelling house of Jeremiah Rankin, dec. within one mile of Lexington,

A WAGGON & TEAM,
With several other HORSES and CATTLE.

CORN and HAY,
A credit of twelve months will be given for all the above articles except the Hay, which will be sold for ready Cash.

William M. Clelland Ex'or.
October 1, 1864.

CLARKE CIRCUIT.

July Term, 1864.

John Niblack, complainant,
Against

Jacob Dooley, Valentine Crawford, William Meak, Robert S. Russell, and James Campbell, defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendants William Meak, and James Campbell, not having entered their appearance herein agreeably to the act of assembly, and rules of this court; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that they are not inhabitants of this commonwealth, on the motion of the complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendants do appear here on the third day of the next October term, and answer the complainant's bill, that a copy of this order be inserted in one of the Gazettes of this State, for eight weeks successively.

A copy. Teste,
SAML. M. TAYLOR, C.C.C.

“True to his charge—
“He comes, the Herald of a noisy world,
“News from all nations lumb’ring at his back.”

LEXINGTON, OCTOBER 2.

MARRIED.
On last evening, by the Revd. Adam Rankin, Mr. ALFRED WALLIS of North Carolina, to Miss POLLY HARGR of this town. Ind. Gaz. Sep. 28.

A LETTER from Barboursville, in Knox county, to a Gentleman in this Town, gives information of a man by the name of Patrick Pearce, being on his way to this country with a large amount of Counterfeit Bank Notes, principally of the Bank of the United States. The Public would therefore do well to be on their guard.

On Monday the 24th Sept. came on the trial of William Alcorn, before the Federal Court at Frankfort, for passing Counterfeit Bank Notes. The trial continued until Thursday evening, when he was found guilty, and sentenced to five years imprisonment, at hard labor, in the jail and Penitentiary house.

Christopher Irving who was apprehended with Alcorn, and who was out on Bail, failed to appear, and has forfeited his recognizance.

It appears by the Boston Federal papers, that the Federal ticket for Members of Congress has succeeded in New-Hampshire, by a small majority.

A Savannah paper mentions that the Vice-President, had arrived at St. Simons, in Georgia, in a vessel from Philadelphia, in perfect health, and entirely relieved from the hydrocephalus which afflicted him in the neighborhood of that city. The Vice-President is probably on his way to Louisiana.

Extract of a letter from Natchez, dated August 23.

“I fear some trouble is now brewing in Louisiana territory. Livingston of New-York, with some others, are stirring up the people to declaim against the government of the United States; and probably the discontent will be too general. An insurrection has broken out in West Florida. A few days since, from report, a company of 250 men, were within 12 or 15 miles of the insurgents, who seemed determined to make a stand—the event we expect by the Mail, which will arrive from below on the day after tomorrow.”

WILKESBARE, September 1.
Strange—if True!

An old gentleman of venerable appearance passed through this county a few days since, and gave to a number of our citizens the following information.

That he was from the neighbourhood of the Cayuga lake, and just as he started on his journey, he saw a man who informed him that two men were fishing on the lake, when they beheld at a little distance a monster in the form of a snake, rise out of the lake, and stretch himself on the bottom of the water.—That his appearance was

“Pierce as ten furies;
Terrible as Hell!”

that the fishermen with more than ordinary courage ventured near enough to reach him with a rifle ball, and both falling at once fortunately dispatched him.

The people of the neighbourhood were immediately called together, and the Aquatic Mammoth drawn in triumph to the shore.

On an admeasurement it was found to be 102 feet 4 1-2 inches in length, and his size proportionally great. From his head projected a horn of considerable length. The old gentleman added that in going into Oswego he met three of the inhabitants going out to see the extraordinary creature, and that the skin was to be saved for Mr. Peale’s Museum.

There is an Indian tradition that a monster of the kind described long inhabited the lake, and they believe it still continues there; they had an idea that it was an evil spirit and as such they worshipped it.

LONDON, July 16—25.
RUSSIA, SWEDEN AND FRANCE.

Private letters from Paris, of the 10th state a new proof of the hostile spirit of Bonaparte in his conduct towards Russia and Sweden. He has adopted a system of persecution against all the subjects of these two powers, whether travellers or merchants, in France, Italy, Switzerland, and Holland.—His military gens d’armes commanders and police agents, are ordered to insult, oppress and arrest them upon the slightest pretence. The least informality in their passas, any complaint that ingenuity and suspicion can devise, is considered a sufficient ground to detain their persons.—Those who are going to France are stopped at the frontiers, under the pretence that they ought to have new passes from Paris; and those who have, are detained under the pretence that their passes are correct.

During these last five weeks, no Russian or Swedish ship has been permitted to clear out and sail; and notwithstanding the demands and representations of the consuls of their respective nations, the only answer that has been obtained is, “Such are the good will and pleasure of the emperor.” This measure is generally supposed to be a prelude to an embargo. Many circumstances tend to confirm this suspicion. Among these is the great activity of the police agents to discover and ascertain the property of Russian and Swedish subjects in France, and to prevent any transfer or removal of it. Should a rupture with these countries take place, an event considered in France very probable, there is little doubt but that Russian and Swedish subjects will experience similar treatment to that which British subjects in France experienced last year.

Undoubted intelligence is said to have reached our government, that upon receiving the note respecting the duke D’Enghein, from the Russian minister, Bonaparte, in a climax of rage, wrote a note with his own hand to the emperor of Russia in the most vindictive style. This was instantly dispatched; but after several hours remonstrance from Talleyrand, another courier was dispatched to stop the delivery of this philippic.—The messengers reached Petersburg on the same day, but the flaming note arriving first, had been delivered. The emperor of Russia has ordered copies of it to be sent to every court in Europe, and it is said to be of a most unique description.

A report was generally circulated yesterday evening in the city, that a courier had arrived from St. Petersburg with dispatches for our government, announcing that the Emperor of Russia, had declared war against France. In addition to the intolent expression made use of by Bonaparte, in his answer to the Russian remonstrance, it is reported he said, “it was strange that the Emperor of Russia, who was surrounded by the unpunished murderers of his father, should dare to charge him with the murder of the Duke D’Enghein.”—All this, however, we give merely as report.

We are assured, that Gen. Angereau had, on the 28th ult. two long conferences with Bonaparte, previous to his departure for Breteuil. At the last, Talleyrand, Berthier and a few senators and ministers of State, most in the confidence of the Corsican, were present. Angereau is said to have pledged himself for the success of the landing in this country, provided the plan which he has himself projected for effecting the enterprise, be adopted without any change or alteration, and Bonaparte is stated to have acquiesced in the condition.

We are again threatened with the speedy sailing of the Breteuil fleet, which is stated to be completely ready for sea. The troops in that quarter, destined to embark, are ordered to hold themselves in readiness; and the commander in chief, Angereau, was shortly expected from Paris.

Government seems fully impressed with the opinion the moment draws near when the enemy will hazard the experiment of an invasion. The greatest activity prevails in all our principle points of defence, and troops are in constant movement. The brigade of guards at Colchester and in that quarter, was this morning to pass the Thames at Gravesend, and we understand that an encampment of 20,000 men will be immediately formed at Coxheath, in order to be ready to defend the southern coast, or to embark for Ireland, as the exigency of affairs may require.

NOTICE.
BY virtue of a decree, of the Fayette Circuit Court, will be sold, at public sale, on a credit of nine months from the date, a tract of LAND,

Containing 110 acres, lying on the East fork of Hickman Creek, where James Hawkins now lives. On the 20th day of October next, on the premises. Bond with approved security, payable to John Price, agent for Samuel Hawkins, will be required of purchasers.

Hez. Harrison.
Ed. Bullock.
Wm. Shriver.
Asa Thompson.

Sept. 29 1804.

IN THE PRESS
And will be ready next week, the
Kentucky Almanac,
For the year of our Lord
1805!

LIST OF LETTERS.
Remaining in the Post Office, Lexington, K. October 1, 1804, which if not taken out in three months, will be sent to the General Post Office.

A
Thomas Alsop
Mr. Ashby care Rev. Bishop Ashby of nr. January

B
William Bartley
John Burtley
Mr. Benjamin
Abm. Bowman
Andw. Burt
Jno. W. Bacrenreuth
Hon. Judge Belt
Col. A. Buford
John Birkhead
James Buchanan

C
Nathaniel Cox
Willis Copland
Abm. Callendine
Rev. Jno. P. Campbell
James Caley
James Cord
Edw. Callahan
rev. Catholic Priest
James Coleman
maj. Jno. Campbell
cap. P. Conhoyer
John H. Canby
Jacob & Michael
Creekbaum

D
Wm. Denham
Nathl. Drake esq.
D. C. Dean
Wm. Durrett esq.

E
Benjamin Ellis
William Effex

F
Thos. Fitzpatrick
Benj. Forsythe
Robert Fryer
Robert Frazer

G
Thomas George
Robert Gibson
Zach. Garnett
cap. John Gardner
John Gray
Greenberry Ger-

H
Alexander Hall
care of Jno. Vance
Daniel Harr
Robert Hill
George Huber
Mr. Hinton
Moses Hyton care
of Miss Polly Pin-

I
Charles Jones
John Jones
Jarter Irvin

J
Henry Kohlhaas
care of col. Hart
John Knox

L
Joseph Lees
James Leonard
Jesse Lamue
Hector Lewis
Zacheriah Lyons

M
Richard Masterfon
Mr. Moorhouse
John L. Martin
col. S. M. Dowel
David Mitchell jr.
Jno. M. Dowel esq.
Elijah Milton
Mrs. Kitty Milton
Archd. M. Neil
Dav. Mitchell sen.
Thos. M. Whiney
Wm. Montier
cap. Wm. Moore
Thomas M. Hroy
Francis M. Murdy

N
James Nolan care of David Reed

O
John Oliver
James Oliphant
Thomas Outin

P
David Pettigrew
Nathan or Phis. James Payne
Moses Perry
The President of Saml. Pryor
the society of the Thimble
Cincinnati K. John Parlin

Q
col. T. Quarles
Roger Quarles

R
Rev. A. Rankin
William Rees
Jos. Rodgers
Jesse Riddelford
Doc. Edw. G. Key
Samuel Rowland
Philip Ryan
Jacob Rorer
Geo. Bruner
David Reid

S
Thos. Stephenson
John Speed care
mr. Downing

T
Thos. Stephens
John Speed care
mr. Downing

U
Thos. Stephens
John Speed care
mr. Downing

V
Thos. Stephens
John Speed care
mr. Downing

W
Thos. Stephens
John Speed care
mr. Downing

X
Thos. Stephens
John Speed care
mr. Downing

Y
Thos. Stephens
John Speed care
mr. Downing

Z
Thos. Stephens
John Speed care
mr. Downing

William Sullivan
cap. Wm. Simpson
Patrick Shields
rev. Robt. Stuart
John Smith
Ralph Smith
cap. John Shock
Withers Smith
Nathaniel Smith
Thomas Steel

T
Nelson Turner
Windel Trout
John G. Thompson
Saml. Taylor esq.
cap. Richd. Taylor
John Taylor

V
Jabez Vigus
George Bledsoe
Wright
Doct. Walter War-

field 2
Samuel Wilfon
miss Ally Ann
Welch
William Walker
Richd. Williams
Peter Weiser
James Wilfon
Joseph Woodward
James Webb fen.

W
William Young
Richd. Yates esq.
JOHN JORDAN jun. P. M.

WHEREAS I purchased a tract of

Land of Bernard Moore, on the 16th of

April last, as far as I now recollect, and

gave my bond therefor, for the sum of

Ninety Dollars payable in March ensu-

ing; and whereas the said tract is in dis-

pute, by which I have some reasons to

believe I may lose the said tract upon

an ultimate decision—therefore, I

forewarn all and every persons whatever

from taking an assignment on the said

bond, as I am resolved not to pay it un-

til I am better secured in my purchase.

George Adam Weber.

Lexington, 25th Sept. 1804.

3w

Notice,

IS hereby given, that the subscriber's

time at the Town-Fork will expire the

ninth of October next—Who returns

his sincere thanks to his constituents for

their patronage the last three years; and

as his destination is at present to him un-

known, hopes all indebted, will be ready

to discharge their accounts with him, as

he intends doing with all his creditors.

JOHN HARPER.

Sept. 19th, 1804.

September 19, 1804.

THIS day personally came before me, one of

the justices of the peace for Fayette county,

William M. Collough of full age, and made oath

that he has lost a bond that was given to him by

John Randolph, now a resident of Henry county,

for the conveyance of twenty acres of Land,

lying and being on North Elkhorn, in Fayette

county, and near the Sc. rt line—which bond

the said M. Collough lost, and has made

oath that he knows not what has become of

the said bond. Sworn to and subscribed be-

fore me.

Wm. M. Collough.

Francis M. Mordie.

Teste,

N. B. I have also lost a note of John An-

drew Miller of Scott county, for 10 dollars,

payable the first day of January next. I fore-

warn all persons from trading for said bond or

note.

W. M.

Fleming county.

TAKEN up by Daniel M. Lef,

near to the mouth of Fox creek, a bay MARE,

supposed to be three years old, 14 hands high,

the right hind foot with a lump on the same

foot, and on the left hind foot some gray hairs,

appraised to 40 dolls. appraised by James Fil-

son and Charles Neals. Prove property, pay

charges and take her away.

May 25, 1804.

Fayette Circuit Court,

September Term, 1804.

Ambrose Young, Abner Young and Hez-

ekiah Harrison and Jane his wife,

late Jane Young, John Young, by Jno.

Glover his guardian, Polly Proctor,

John Proctor and Chas. Proctor, by

Hezekiah Proctor their guardian,

complainants.

against,

Richard Taylor executor, and Sarah

Beard, Robert Campbell, James M. L-

igan, Charles Quinn, Richard Tay-

lor, William Elliotts and Philip Ross,

and Charles Megowan and Elizabeth

his wife, late Elizabeth Beard, Joseph

Beard, Robt. John Beard, and Wil-

liam Beard, heirs and devisees of

John Campbell, dec. depts.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendants James Milligan, Charles

Symms, William Elliott, Philip Ross &

Robt. John Beard, having failed to enter their

appearance herein agreeable to law, and the

rules of this Court, and it appearing to the

satisfaction of the Court, that they are not

inhabitants of this Commonwealth. On the

motion of the complainants by their counsel,

it is ordered that the said defendants do ap-

pear here on the third day of our next March Court,

and answer the complainants bill, and that a

copy of this order be inserted in the Kentucky

Gazette or Independent Gazetteer according to

law.

Copy. Telle

THOS. BODLEY, C. F. C. C.

JUST PUBLISHED

And for sale at this Office,

LETTERS ON THE DIVINE UNITY.

In answer to Mr. David Barrow's

Letters to a Friend.

By AUGUSTINE EASTIN.

Cheap Goods.

SAML. & GEO. TROTTER,
AND just received from Philadelphia, and
are now opening at their store on main
street, Lexington, an extensive assortment of

Merchandise,

of the latest importations from Europe, and
the East and West Indies. Consisting of
Dry Goods, Hard Ware, Groceries,
China, Glass, Queens' and Tin
Wares.

the greatest proportion of which were pur-
chased at auction stores and other cash
houses, on the lowest terms, and will be sold
either wholesale or retail, on a much profit for
cash in hand—amongst which are the following

articles, viz.—
superfine cloths, Steel,
ad quality & coarse do. Tin in boxes,
Calfskins, Copper for stills,
Constitution cord, Imperial By-
fancy do. son, Young
Dimities, Hyton, sou-
hontes & callicos, chong art-
Ladies silks & muslins, Green Teas,
British, Plain, Jacob Coffee,
conet, Tambour, Loaf, lump and brown
Lapet, Book Cam- Sugars,
brick, & Limitydo. Indigo of a very su-
Scarlet cloths, perior quality
Turkey yarn, ut & hammer'd Nail
Cotton & wool cards, afforded.
Saddlery, Queens Ware affor-
Anvils and Vices, ed in crates.

WINE, SPIRITS, BRANDY &
ACID.

Also a large quantity of BAR IRON, made
at Dorsey and Benner's works, in Pennsylva-
nia, of a superior quality; and a supply of
Mann's lick SALT, and Cumberland COT-
TON.

June 1st, 1804.

A BAY MARE, taken up by
Paris Peeter, living one mile below
the mouth of Paint Lick, on
Kentucky river, Garrard county, a-
bout 5 years old, 14 hands and a half
high, with a dent in the left side of
her head, from which proceeds a
running fore, some white on her left
hind foot, with a star in her forehead,
and branded on the near shoulder,
thus, H S; appraised to 50 dollars,
July the 20th, 1804.

Zach. Ray, J. p.

DIVIDEND.

In the case of Lea Allen,
A BANKRUPT.

THE commissioners named in the commis-
sion of bankruptcy, awarded and issued
against Ira Allen, of the town of Eddyville,
in the county of Livingston, and the assignee
of the estate and effects of said bankrupt, will
meet on Thursday, 11th day of October next,
at three o'clock P. M. at the commissioners'
office in the town of Lexington, in order to
make a dividend of the estate and effects of
the said bankrupt; at which time and place,
the creditors who have not yet proved their
debts, are to come prepared to prove the same,
or they will be excluded from the benefit of
the said dividend.

Mathew Lyon, assignee.

W. Maclean, clk. to the court.

TO BE SOLD TO THE

HIGHEST BIDDER.

AT my farm, in Woodford county,
on Wednesday, the 10th day of
October next, 10 or 15 Horses, 20 or 30
head of Cattle, and 30 or 40 head of
sheep. Eighteen months credit will be
given for all sums over Five Dollars, on
giving bond with sufficient security.

John Watkins.

Woodford county,

Sep. 10th, 1804.

WILL BE SOLD,

ON Thursday the 25th of October

next 70 acres of LAND, lying on

Laurence's creek, a branch of the Ohio,

for ready money, by virtue of a decree

of the Mason Circuit Court, foreclosing

a mortgage executed by John Edwards

to Saml. and Daul. Telbs, for the sum

of \$450 with interest and costs of suit.

On the premises is a valuable Mer-

chant MILL, in good order for business.

The said tract of land is situated within

two miles of the town of Washington,

and is about the same distance from

Maysville.

The sale will take place on the premi-

ses at the mill house, and will be con-

ducted by the subscribers, who are ap-

pointed commissioners by the said decree.

Peter Lee,

Benj. Bayles,

John B. wa. } Comm'rs.

MADISON CIRCUIT, &c.

September Court, 1804.

William Barnett, compl't.

against

William Hef's & Als. depts.

IN CHANCERY.

THIS day came the complainant, by his

counsel, and on motion, and it appear-

ing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the

defendant Hef's, is not an inhabitant of this

State.—It is therefore ordered, that the said

defendant do appear here on the first day of

the next March term of this court, to show

cause, if any he can, why the complainant's

Bill should not be taken as confessed; and that

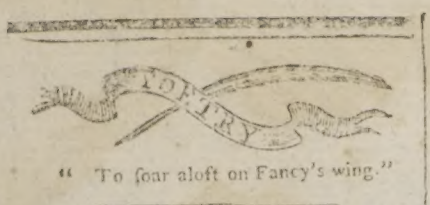
a copy of this order be inserted in the Ken-

tucky Gazette for two months successively.

A copy. Telle,

* Will. Irvine, C. M. C.

Taken up



To soar aloft on Fancy's wing.

Mr. Fox's Bust.—His Grace the Duke of Bedford has erected, in the Garden at Woburn, a Temple consecrated to Friendship, and decorated with busts and poetical tributes to his most valued intimates. Several votaries of the muse, including General Kirkpatrick, have attempted to celebrate Mr. Fox; but his Grace, who acted as Medea, has given the preference to the following faithful lines from the elegant pen and refined genius of the Duchess of Devonshire, inscribed on a pedestal supporting a very fine bust of Mr. Fox:

Here, midst the friends he lov'd, the man
Behold,
In truth unshaken, and in virtue bold;
Whole patriot zeal and uncorrupted mind,
Dare'd to assert the freedom of mankind;
And whilst, extending desolation far,
Ambition spread the baleful flames of war,
Fearless of blame, and eloquent to save,
'Twas he—'twas Fox—the warning council
gave!
Midst jarring conflicts stemm'd the tide of
And to the menac'd world a sea mark stood!
Oh! had his voice in mercy's cause prevail'd,
What grateful millions had the Statesman
hail'd!
Whose wisdom bid the broils of nations cease,
And taught the world humanity and peace!
But though he fail'd, succeeding ages here,
The vain yet pious effort shall revere;
Boast in their annals his illustrious name,
Uphold his greatness, and confirm his fame!

"Trifles, light as air."

A grandee of Spain handing some refreshments to a circle of ladies, observed one with a most brilliant ring, and was rude enough to say in her hearing, "I should prefer the ring to the hand."—"And I," said the lady (looking steadfastly at the glittering object suspended to the Don's neck) "should prefer the collar to the beast."



THE subscriber will sell 200 or 250 acres of first rate LAND, part of the tract whereon he resides, on the South Fork of Elk Horn creek, in Woodford county; about 40 acres of which is cleared, and the rest is well timbered. It lies beautifully, has on it several valuable cabins and three never failing springs, one of the springs has sufficient fall for a distillery, and affords an ample supply of water for that purpose during the dryest seasons, and at it there is a still house in good repair. Immediate payment of about half the price must be made; but for the balance reasonable credits may be had. For further information apply to
CALEB WALLACE.

EIGHT PENCE REWARD
WILL be given to any person who will apprehend and deliver at my shop, in Lexington, **EDWARD SMITH** and **WILLIAM SMITH**, who are brothers, and sons of John Smith, living near Col. Bowman's, South Elkhorn, said Edward and William are apprentices to the boot and shoe making business, and left me on Saturday last, and took with them the whole of their wearing apparel. Edward is 18 or 19 years old, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, stout well made, fair hair, grey eyes, and a fly look. William is 15 or 17 years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, well made, hair rather darker, and more open countenance than his brother. Four pence reward will be given for either, or the above reward for both.

All persons are hereby forewarned from harboring, entertaining, or concealing either or both of the above mentioned apprentices, and am determined to prosecute to the utmost rigour of the law, the person or persons who shall so offend.

William Ross.
N. B. I am credibly informed that Edward is courting a young woman in the neighbourhood of his father.
W. R.
August 27, 1804.

NOTICE.
I will sell the remainder of that valuable tract of military land, lying on the Ohio, just above the mouth of the Kentucky river, containing 431 acres at a very reduced price for cash.—It consists of bottom of the first quality, eminently calculated for farming &c. commanding a view several miles above and below of the Ohio river, embracing a complete prospect of the Town at the mouth of the Kentucky river.

Jas. Fishback.
P. S. Those who would prefer purchasing a part of the tract may be accommodated.—A General warranty will be given.

TAKEN up by Henry C. Gift, Clark county, near the road from Winchester to Paris, **ONE BAY HORSE COLT**, supposed to be three years old, a small star in his forehead, hind foot white, with some small black spots near the hoof, no brand perceptible; appraised, to 30 dollars.

ALSO ONE SORREL FILLY, with white mane and tail, a blaze face, one year old, no brand; appraised, to 25 dollars.

June 25th, 1804.

Thos. Wornall, J. P.
Writing Paper,
For Sale by the Ream.

22 NOW OPENING BY
Charles Wilkins,
in the Brick House opposite the Court House, lately occupied by Messrs. Parker and Gray, an extensive Assortment of
Dry Goods, Hard Ware, Queens' Ware, Groceries, Crowley Street, & Dorsey's best Iron;
Which will be sold cheap for CASH or HEMP.
Lexington, 3d May, 1804.
* * Four or five Journeymen Rope-Makers wanted. None need apply but good workmen.

THE SUBSCRIBER
WISHES to inform the public, that he continues to carry on the
WHEEL-WRIGHT BUSINESS,
and
BLUE DYING,
On High street, at the sign of the Spinning Wheel; and will dye cotton, linen and wool with a warm dye, which he will warrant to stand equal to any blue in America. The deepest blue for 4/6 per lb. My token is I. C. stamped on tin. Any person wishing to prove either of the colours will please to wash them, which will convince them it is a warm dye and will stand.

JOHN COLDWELL.
Lexington, 10th May, 1804.

18 **WILSON'S TAVERN,**
(LATELY POSTLETHWAIT'S.)
I HAVE rented the House and Tavern, lately occupied by me, in this town, to **Josiah Wilson**, formerly of Bairdstown. I beg leave to return my sincere thanks to my numerous customers, for their preference in my favor whilst in that house, and am happy, and confident in assuring those who continue their favors to Mr. Wilson, that they will find every accommodation that the house and situation is capable of affording—which, I hope I do not presume in saying, will be equal to any in the Western Country.

J. POSTLETHWAIT.
Lexington, (K.) June 4, 1804.

FOR SALE,
At a reduced price in Cash and personal property at valuation, the following

39 **Lands,**
400 acres entered for John May, on the north side of the Kentucky river, and lower side of Cedar creek.
30 acres, part of 40, entered by Geo. May, on the salt lick, on Sandy.
216 1-4 acres half of 433 1-2 entered by John May, around the last entry.
250 acres, half of 500, entered, May 1780, by George May, near Lydia's Mount.

400 acres, half of 800, in the name of Isaac Shelby, adjoining the last—entered June 23, 1780.
About 30 acres, being that part of John May's entry of 1000, including the confluence of the South fork with Main Licking, which lies within the forks, and including a part of the town of Falmouth.

666 2-3 acres, part of Samuel Meredith's 1000, in the forks of Licking, adjoining the last entry, and including the remainder of Falmouth—Patented 10th July, 1786.

1333 1-3 acres, part of Samuel Meredith's & George Clymer's 2000 acres, on Bank Lick creek—Patented 14th November, 1786.

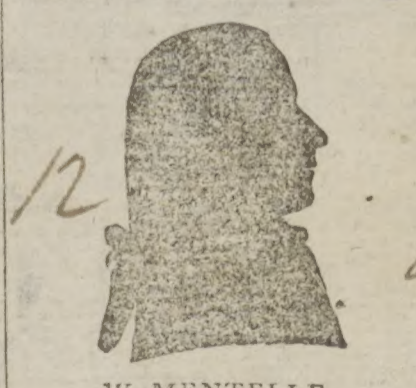
256 2-3 acres part of Samuel Meredith's & George Clymer's 400, north side of Licking, and joining John May's 1000 before mentioned.

1000 acres entered for Ben. Holliday, on Battle creek, adjoining John Saunders.

1000 acres, entered for John May, north side of the Rolling fork of Salt river, joining George Underwood, and including the mouth of Wilson's creek.

The claims to the above parcels of land are deduced, by private contracts from the persons for whom they were located.

GEO. M. BIBB.
Lexington, Jan. 3, 1804. tf.



W. MENDELLE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lexington and its vicinity, that he has just got a **PHYSIOGNOTRACE** completed on an entire new construction, by means of which perfect profile likenesses can be taken in a few seconds. As an application for a patient for using the above instrument is made, all persons are hereby forbid to use it at their peril.

Cash
WILL be given for approved **SMALL NOTES**, by George Manfell & Co.

52 **CASH.**
Will be given for
TALLOW & CHEESE,
At the Bake-shop, opposite Lewis Sanders & Co's store, next door to the Nail Factory, Main Street, Lexington—
A Valuable WORK HORSE,
For Sale for Whiskey.

DOCTOR JOSEPH BOSWELL,
HAS removed to his farm, seven miles east of Lexington, near the Ambrose Dudley's, where he will continue to practice **Medicine**, in all its different branches. All those indebted to him, are requested to come forward and settle their respective accounts.
April 9, 1804.

FOR SALE,
A Merchant-Mill, Saw-Mill and Distillery.
SITUATE on the waters of Silver-creek, in Madison county, about six miles from the court-house, and ten miles from the Kentucky river, to which is annexed 140 acres of

53 **LAND.**
The stream and feat are equal to any in the State, and the Mills and Distillery in prime order. For terms apply to the subscriber on the premises.
ROBERT PORTER.
Madison county }
Oct. 1st, 1803. } tf

MEDITERRANEAN PASSPORTS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
THAT it has been deemed expedient to change the form of the Mediterranean Passports issued to vessels of the United States; that from the eighth day of July next, those of the new form will be issued at the custom houses, to every vessel, for which application may be made on a compliance with the terms prescribed by law, and surrendering the former passport of which the may be possessed, if any, in which latter case no fees will be required for the exchange; and that by an arrangement agreed upon by the Barbary powers, with whom we are at peace, either the old or the new form of passport will be sufficient to protect the vessels of the United States from capture until the 1st of July, 1805, after which the old form of passport will be unavailable, and the new one alone in use.
Department of State, }
23d of May, 1804. }

The printers of the laws of the United States are requested to insert the above in their Gazettes twice a week for the space of six months, and the Collectors of the Customs to keep copies of it posted up in their offices. 6m

HEREAS a number of the officers of the late Revolutionary Army, were unfortunate enough to locate their claims in a tract of country, since found to be comprehended within the Indian claims. This is therefore to give notice, that application is intended to be made, in the name of all those who wish redress, by petition to Congress; and little doubt is entertained, from the hardship of the case, but other land will be substituted. The agent who undertakes the management of the business, asks, as compensation, one-third only, of what land is actually located and ultimately saved, he being at all expense to patenting the land. All who wish, upon these terms, their claims to be attended to, are requested to write forthwith, to Thomas Bodley, of Lexington, who will communicate with such agent.

A VENUE.

TO be sold at public sale, on Saturday, the 29th instant, at the dwelling house of Thomas Scott, in Fleming county, the

TRACT OF LAND

on which said Scott lives, containing 60 acres, 30 of which are cleared and under good fence, with some fruit trees. Also, 50 acres first quality, nearly adjoining the above, with 10 acres cleared and in good repair; with 120 apple trees now beginning to bear, and 30 or 40 bearing peach trees. Also, six head of Good Horses, with a good stock of Cattle, Sheep and Hogs; House and Kitchen Furniture, and Farming Utensils of all kinds. The above property will be sold to the highest bidder, on a credit of nine months—Bond, with approved security, will be required of purchasers. Due attendance will be given by the subscribers,

For Thomas Scott,
JOSHUA KNIGHT, & CORNELIUS GOODWIN.
Sept. 17, 1804. 2w

WANTED TO PURCHASE,
A Quantity of
FLAX & HEMP SEED;
DELIVERED at George Leibe's oil mill, on the Limestone road, about half a mile from the court-house in Lexington; for which a generous price will be given.
William Bobb.
Sept. 10, 1804. tf

July 21, 1804.
TAKEN up by Robert Black, living on the South Fork of Clear creek, a

BAY MARE,
7 years old, near 15 hands high, branded on the off buttock PL, long tail, with a sucking

BAY MARE COLT,
has a star and a lip, three white feet; together with the mare, appraised to £27. Certified under my hand, this 18th day of Sept. 1804.
* **Richd. M. Thomas, J. P.**

FAIR SPECULATION ON VALUABLE LANDS,

To Sell at moderate prices for Six or Eight years Credit—Viz.
3705 Acres at the mouth of Indian creek, on the Ohio, in a flourishing settlement.
2200 acres along the bank of the river Kaskaskia, near the town of that name, grants of the State of Virginia.
Will be sold even by small tracts for the accommodation of the purchasers, one tenth paid down, the nine tenths at six or eight years credit, with interest paid annually.
Bonds and approved securities will be requested for the payment of the interest and for the principal.
Inspected produce will be received at market prices for the half of the annual interest, the other half shall be paid in cash.
For further information apply to the Printer in Lexington, to Robert Craddock in Danville, to Thomas Howard in Richmond, Madison county, or to William Sudduth Clarke county.

FOR SALE.
3000 acres of valuable Military Land, lying on Highland Creek, about sixteen miles from the Ohio, and two or three miles from Robertson's Salt-works.
Also 1500 acres on the Ohio, nearly opposite the mouth of the Wabash, and 4 miles from the town of Carthage.
Also, 1500 acres on Deer creek, one of the branches of Green-river.
And 666 2-3 acres on Trade Water. The above are Military Lands, and well situated. A Tract of Land in the neighbourhood of Lexington, will be taken in exchange. Apply to John Pope, Esq. of Lexington, who will give any information that may be required as to the terms.

THE SUBSCRIBER
Has imported, and is opening for sale at his Store in Lexington, a handsome and well chosen assortment of

4 **Merchandise,**
which he is determined to sell as low for Cash (in hand) as any Goods ever offered for sale in this place; consisting of a great variety, amongst which are the

FOLLOWING ARTICLES, VIZ.
Superfine and Second Cloths and Camimeres,
Blanketing & Coarse Woolens,
Chintzes and Calicoes,
Dimities and Coarse Mullins,
Nankeens of all colors,
Glazed, and common Cambric Mullins,
Black, Blue, Pink, Salmon coloured and Buff Mullins,
Figured and Tamboured Mullins,
Book and Jaconnet do.
Mullin Shawls & Handkerchiefs assorted,
Silk & Cotton Stockings & Gloves of the most fashionable kind,
Ladies' Straw Bonnets, &c. &c. &c.
Glasses and Queens' Ware,
Japanned and Tin Ware,
Pewter assorted,
Madera and Sherry Wines,
Jamaica Spirits and French Brandy, Imperial,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
Hyson Skin, & Bohea
Iron Mongery,
Cutlery,
Saddlery, &c. &c. &c.
Mill, Pitt and Crofs Cut Saws.
A great variety of Novels & School Books, Blank Books, paper, Ink Powder, Quills, &c. &c.
WILLIAM WEST.
N. B. Excellent IMPORTED CHEESE, for sale. tf

I wish to purchase a large quantity of

Flax Seed,
For manufacturing and for exportation. Also, a quantity of

10 **Hemp Seed,**
To be delivered after the first of September next, at my Oil mill, where,

LINSEED OIL
of the first quality may always be had.
JOHN BOBB.
July 25.

N. B. I have provided good vessels of different sizes for containing oil.

THE SUBSCRIBERS
HAVE just received from New-Orleans, per the boat Jefferson, Robert Spriggs, Master.

123 boxes 18 quality Havannah Sugar, 8 barrels do. Spanish Indigo, 6 barrels Rum, 3 cases London particular Madeira Wine, 1 do. Sherry,

63 doz. best long cork Claret, Which will be sold low for approved notes at 60 and 90 days. Apply to

John Jordan, Jr. or Banks & Owings.
Lexington (K.) 2d July, 1804.

FOR SALE,
Two Hundred Acres of First Rate Land,

LYING within three and a half miles of Lexington, adjoining the Bryan's station tract—there are about fifteen acres of cleared land, under good fence, with a never failing spring. For terms apply to the printer of the Kentucky Gazette, or to the subscriber, in Paris.

THOMAS HUGHES.
July 25. tf

JUST IMPORTED,
And now opening for sale by **WILLIAM LEARY**, at his store in Lexington, A LARGE, ELEGANT, AND WELL CHOSEN ASSORTMENT OF

MERCHANDIZE;
BY WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, ON the most reduced terms for cash; consisting of the following articles, besides a number of others too tedious to insert: viz.

Superfine, Fine, Coarse & Double milled drabs, Castings, Calimeres, Moreens, Durants, Joan's spinning, Bombazettes & Wild-bores, Irish linens, Velvets, Velvetene, Thicketts, Fanny & Constitution Cords, Scarlet Cardinals, Dimities, Marcellies, Newest Fashion Toilets, Stripes & plain men's pattern for waistcoats, Luteerings, Mantua, Senfews, Pelongs and fattsins, Nankeens, Chintzes, Plain and figured Cambric, Jaconet, Tamboured, India, Book and Lappet Silk, Worsted & Mohair Plush, Cotton, worsted and silk Hosiery, The best Philadelphia made Umbrellas, Leather, Sattinett, Plain, Spangled, Morocco & Kid Mill, Pit, Crofs-cut, Hand, Tenon, Dove-tail, and Comfats	Files and Rasps, Cotton, wool, and tow Curis, Anvils, Vices, Steels, Saddlery, Ironmongery and Cutlery, and best London Pewter, A general assortment of imported Cut & Wrought Nails, 8 by 10 and 10 by 12 Window Glasses, together with a very large assortment of Glass, China, and Queen's Ware, Also a number of Law, History, Divinity & School Writing Paper, States and morocco Pocket Books, An extensive variety of GROCERIES viz—Imperial, Hyson Chulong, Young Hyson, Hyson, & Bohea, A superior quality of Coffee, Ginger, Allspice, Pepper, Chocolate, Mace, Cloves, Nutmegs, Madder, Allum, Logwood, All kinds of Hatters' Trimmings, and Dye Stuffs, Paints and Medicines, &c. &c. &c.
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Travellers' Hall.

THE SUBSCRIBER
HAS lately been induced, from the rapid increase of his custom, to purchase a lot of ground, adjoining that on which he lives, for the purpose of building a dining room and assembly room, each 54 by 32 feet 10 inches, with six additional lodging rooms, and intends to finish them before the ensuing winter; which, together with his Tavern and house, will occupy a front of near one hundred feet in the most agreeable part of the town, and in the centre of business, being on the highest part of the public square. He has considerably increased the furniture, &c. of his house and stables—His domestics and servants are of the most faithful dispositions and properly qualified for the departments to which they are arranged—He has a constant supply of the best stable forage, imported and country provisions, imported liquors, &c. of the best quality, foreign newspapers, &c. &c. and his ice will, most probably, last through the hot weather.

The distinguished preference which the first characters have already given him in his business, fills him with gratitude. He offers his sincere thanks to all his good friends, and begs leave to assure them, that neither his time nor his purse shall be spared in attempting to render the Travellers' Hall, a house of entertainment, for *Genteel Guests only*, equal to any in America.

R. BRADLEY.
Lexington, (K.) 12th June, 1804.
N. B. A Stage runs from the Travellers' Hall to the Olympian Springs in the summer, and to Frankfort during the session of Assembly.

R. B.
Mercer County, &c.
Taken up by Samuel Adams, living on Salt river, near Adams's mill, a

Dark bay Mare,
with a small star in her forehead, about 14 hands high, 9 or 10 years old, branded on the off shoulder O, on the off buttock, something like this appraised to £9, May 28th, 1804.

A copy. Tesse,
Thos. Allen, C. C.